This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

## 1. - 25. (Canceled)

26. (Currently Amended)

A method of preparing block copolymers, comprising the steps of polymerizing a first monomer consisting of an alpha-olefin containing from 3 to 20 carbon atoms into a first, isotactic block, using a catalyst, then polymerizing at least one second monomer,

said catalyst being in the form of a hydride complex of a trivalent metal from the rare earth group, having the formula I:

$$R_{1j}Cp$$
  $H$   $X_y$   $Ln$   $R_{1i}Cp$ 

in which:

Cp is a cyclopentadienyl radical;

R<sub>1</sub>, identical or different at each occurrence, is a substituent of the cyclopentadienyl group and is an alkyl radical or a silicon-containing hydrocarbon radical, unsubstituted and containing from 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

j, identical or different at each occurrence, is 1, 2 or 3;

X is a divalent alkylene radical containing from 1 to 20 carbon atoms or Si(R)<sub>2</sub> in +which in which

- R is an alkyl radical having from 1 to 4 carbon atoms;
- y is 1 or 2;

Ln is Y or Sm.

- 27. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein, in the formula I, at least one R<sub>1j</sub>Cp is the group 2-Me<sub>3</sub>Si,4-Me<sub>2</sub>tBuSiCp or the group 2-Me<sub>3</sub>Si,4-tBuCp.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the catalyst is Me<sub>2</sub>Si(2-Me<sub>3</sub>Si,4-Me<sub>2</sub>tBuSiCp)<sub>2</sub>YH or Me<sub>2</sub>Si(2-Me<sub>3</sub>Si,4-tBuCp)<sub>2</sub>SmH.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the catalyst is racemic.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the catalyst is generated in situ in the presence of at least one portion of the first monomer.
- 31. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the catalyst is prepared by hydrogenation of the an alkyl precursor thereof.

- 32. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the blocks are homopolymers or random copolymers.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the block copolymer comprises a block of a poly-alpha-olefin and a block of the polymerized second monomer which is a vinyl, vinylidene or lactone compound.
- 34. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 33, wherein the second monomer is a vinyl or vinylidene compound is represented by the formula H<sub>2</sub>C=CR'Z in which R' is hydrogen or an alkyl radical having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms and Z is an electron-withdrawing radical.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 34, wherein the vinyl or vinylidene compound is an ester of an unsaturated carboxylic acid.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 33, wherein the polyalpha-olefin is crystalline.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the second monomer is polar.

- **38.** (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, for preparing a poly-alpha-olefin/PMMA or poly-alpha-olefin/polylactone copolymer.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the block copolymer comprises a block of a first poly-alpha-olefin and a block of the polymerized second monomer which is an alpha-olefin to provide a second poly-alpha-olefin.
- **40. (Previously Presented)** The method as claimed in claim 39, wherein the first poly-alpha-olefin is crystalline and the second poly-alpha-olefin is crystalline.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 40, for preparing a PP/PE copolymer.
- **42.** (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 38 39, wherein the first poly-alpha-olefin is crystalline and the second poly-alpha-olefin is amorphous.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 42, for preparing a PP/EP copolymer.
- 44. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the block copolymer comprises a first iPP block.

**45. (Previously Presented)** The method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the catalyst is racemic and is generated in situ in the presence of at least one portion of the first monomer.

**46.** (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 45, wherein the catalyst is prepared by hydrogenation of the <u>an</u> alkyl precursor thereof.

47. - 55. (Canceled)